

Tenses

المضارع البسيط

V / v +s

➤ يستخدم المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن الحقائق والعادات المتكررة

- Physics is the science which **studies** light, heat, sound and electricity.
- Paul is a bad roommate. While I clean the apartment on the weekends, he just **plays** videogames.

المضارع المستمر

am / is / are + v ing

➤ يستخدم المضارع المستمر للتعبير عما يحدث الآن

Can you lower the TV volume?

I **am trying** to put the baby to sleep

➤ ملحوظة

أفعال الشعور والحواس وأفعال العاطفة لا تأخذ (ing)
مثل

Hear – need

I **am needing** a break. ✗

I **need** a break. ✓

➤ يمكن استخدام المضارع المستمر للدلالة على المستقبل عند التخطيط لعمل شيء ما في المستقبل.

I **am travelling** tomorrow.



المستقبل

will + مصدر

➤ يستخدم في القرارات السريعة

Sara: Help! I lost my key and can't get into my house!

Mona: Don't worry, I **will send** my son to help you.

➤ يستخدم للتعبير عن شيء سيحدث في المستقبل

The second half has already begun, so the game **will finish** in about 45 minutes

لقد بدأ الشوط الثاني بالفعل، لذا ستنتهي المباراة خلال 45 دقيقة تقريبًا

المستقبل المستمر

Will be + v ing

➤ يستخدم للتعبير عن شيء سيكون مستمر في وقت معين في المستقبل

• الكلمة الدالة (By this time)

By this time next week, I **will be relaxing** on a beach in Malaysia.

المستقبل التام

Will have + v3

➤ يعبر عن حدث سيكون انتهى قبل وقت محدد في المستقبل

الكلمات الدالة:

عام في المستقبل / by then / زمن في المستقبل + By the end

By the end of the year, my new book **will have been published**



المضارع التام

Have / has + v3

➤ عند السؤال عن تجربة شيء لأول مره نستخدم مضارع تام

Jane: I love eating at KFC.

Sara: Me too. **Have you tried** their new spicy chicken?

الماضي التام

Had + v3

عند وقوع حدثين أو أكثر في الماضي , الحدث اللي حصل الأول دائما ماضي تام.

- I **had finished** my homework, then I watched TV.
- Diana found the course very easy, because her mother **had explained** many of the topics to her last year.

وجدت ديانا الدورة سهلة للغاية، لأن والدتها شرحت لها العديد من المواضيع في العام الماضي.
هنا الشرح حدث أولا لذلك استخدمنا ماضي تام.



1) Female lions..... two thirds of their adult size by the time they are two years old.

- a) reach
- b) reached
- c) have reach
- d) are reaching

2) Sara: Help! I lost my key and can't get into my house!
Mona: Don't worry, I..... send my son to help you.

- a) have
- b) will
- c) should
- d) would

3) By this time next week, I..... on a beach in Malaysia.

- a) relax
- b) will relax
- c) am relaxing
- d) will be relaxing

4) Nouf is having trouble with math at school, so she.....to find a tutor.

- a) is try
- b) trying
- c) is trying
- d) tries



5) Ali is fixing his brother's bicycle, and he..... some help. Can you help him?

- A) is needing
- B) needed
- C) needs**
- D) need

6) Shh! There is a noise outside. that?

- A) Are you hearing
- B) Do you hear**
- C) Are you hear
- D) You hearing

7) Physics is the science which..... light, heat, sound and electricity.

- A) studies**
- B) studying
- C) study
- d) studied

8) The second half has already begun, so the game.....in about 45 minutes

- A) finish
- B) finished
- C) will finish**
- D) has been finished



9) We won't see Ali on Friday because he into a new house next weekend.

- A) moves
- B) moving
- C) is moving**
- D) has moved

10) Now it is 10:00 PM. The train ----- at 11:00 pm

- A. arriving
- B. arrived
- C. has arrived
- D. will arrive**

11) Customer: May I please speak with the manager?
Clerk: I'm sorry, he with a customer.

- A. speaks
- B. speaking
- C. is speaking**
- D. will spoken

12) Can you lower the TV volume? I to put the baby to sleep.

- A. try
- B. tried
- C. am trying**
- D. have tried

13) All of your travel plans have been made. When you arrive, someone for you at the airport.

- A) waits.
- B) will wait.
- C) is waiting.
- D) will be waiting**

14) Ben: Have you ever gone swimming in a river?
Bob: No, I haven't. I've tried that.

- A) already
- B) sometimes
- C) rarely
- D) never**

15) It's 8:14, and the boat leaves at 8:15. The boat soon.

- a) Has left
- b) Was leaving
- c) Has been leaving
- d) Is going to leave**

16) Late in the evening, since sunrise, Mrs. Johnson finally ate her first hot meal.

- a) Had been working
- b) Being worked
- c) Having worked**
- d) Will have been working.

17) By the end of the year, my new book

- a) Will have been published
- b) Will have been publishing
- c) Are going to publish
- d) Are being published

18) Jane: I love eating at KFC.

Sara: Me too.their new spicy chicken?

- a) Have you been trying
- b) Were you tried
- c) Have you tried
- d) Are you try

19) When I came home and logged onto the course platform, I saw that the grades.....

- A- reported
- B- are reported
- C- being reported
- D- had been reported

20) Steve to Saudi Arabia before. This is his first visit.

- a) was never been
- b) has never been
- c) never was
- d) bever be

21) By the end of the month, I 30,000 SAR- enough to buy my first car.

- a) will be saving
- b) will have saved**
- c) am about to save
- d) am going to be saved

22) Diana found the course very easy, because her mother many of the topics to her last year.

- (A) she explained
- (B) she explains
- (C) had explained**
- (D) has explained

23) At the age of eighty, since he was sixteen, Roger finally retired.

- (A) had been working
- (B) being worked
- (C) having worked**
- (D) will have been working

24) Hannah write a good paper until her second year at university.

- (A) wasn't able to**
- (B) isn't able to
- (C) will not
- (D) can not

25) Chris found the finance exam very easy, because his teacher him everything he needed to know.

- (A) he told
- (B) he tell
- (C) had told**
- (D) has told

26) If you want to see your writing grades, come by ray office tomorrow morning.
I.....your essays by then.

- A) mark
- B) am marking
- C) have marked
- D) will have marked**



If conditions

الحالة الثانية من if

If + were , would + مصدر

• بدائل would

Would = could, might + مصدر

If I were you, I might see a doctor

➤ If only

➤ لو لقيت زمن الجملة مضارع نختار بعدها v2 (ماضي بسيط) او were

➤ ولو لقيت زمن الجملة ماضي نختار Had + v3

IF Conditions

1) If Sarah has free time, she Her favorite programs on

- (A) going to watch
- (B) had watched
- (C) watched
- (D) watches

2) Eric half an hour in the shower.

- a) won't miss the plane if he didn't spend
- b) hadn't missed his plane if he wouldn't have spent
- c) wouldn't have missed his plane if he hadn't spent
- d) didn't miss his plane if he hadn't spent

3) If only I more carefully. Unfortunately, I made too many mistakes.

- a) would work
- b) was working
- c) have worked
- d) had worked

4) I miss my best friend. If only he Here with me!

- a) were
- b) had been
- c) will be
- d) is



Time connectors

1) The bookseller has many books that..... outdated

- A. am
- B. is
- C. are**
- D. were

2) The postman had already delivered the mail by the time I..... for work this morning.

- (A) have left
- (B) had left
- (C) leave
- (D) left**

3) Mr. Brown thought that the course bookno more than 300 pages, but it had 350.

- A. has
- B. having
- C. has had
- D. would have**

4) I can't imagine howfast food every day could be good for your health.

- a) Eating**
- b) Have eaten
- c) Be eating
- d) Eat



5) Amy: Is Kate waiting for someone?

Kate: What did Amy ask?

Lucy: She asked waiting for someone.

- a) how you are
- b) are you
- c) were you
- d) if you were

6) Mohammad and I leave when the boss suddenly walked into our office.

- a) would have
- b) were about to
- c) were going
- d) would be to



Relative clauses

➤ Which

تستخدم أيضا لو كان قبل الفراغ غير عاقل

This is the cat **which** we may have bought.

➤ That

هي أيضا بديله ل Which

This is the cat we may have bought

Who – **that**

Pronouns

He's - his

He's = He is

He ضمير فاعل

His ضمير ملكية

لاحظ الفرق بين:



Relative clauses

1) I am booking my tickets for my summer holiday.travel agency do you think I should use?

- (A) who
- (B) Where
- (C) Which
- (D) Why

2) I have finished the exam. shall I give it to?

- (A) He
- (B) Him
- (C) whom
- (D) Which

3) Is this the ring you found on the beach last night?

- a) where
- b) who
- c) that
- d) this



Pronouns

4) Which one of the underlined words or phrases is INCORRECT?
Ibn Firas is well known in the Arab World for he's early airplane.

- A- is
- B- in
- C- Arab
- D- he's**

I suggest using your car. has broken down.

- a) Ourselves
- b) Ourself
- c) Ours**
- d) Our

Why don't we do my homework first? looks much more difficult.

- a) Yourselfs
- b) Yourself
- c) Your
- d) Yours**

Which one of the underlined words or phrases is INCORRECT?

Mona she studied French for 8 years before she felt like she reached a good level.

- a) she**
- b) for
- c) before
- d) reached



Countable/ uncountable

- Several

بمعنى العديد من
تأتي مع الاسم المعدود

- Plenty of

بمعنى العديد من
تأتي لجميع الاسماء

1) There are people on the train

- (A) a load
- (B) plenty of**
- (C) quite a bit
- (D) a small amount

There were Students waiting outside the school building.

- a) none
- b) a little
- c) plenty
- d) several**

Does Helen play Sport?

- a) plenty
- b) much**
- c) most
- d) loads



Adjectives / Adverbs

○ الصفات لا يمكن جمعها

rich → riches ✗

the rich ✓

○ ولكن اذا أردنا جمعها , نضيف the قبل الصفة

French → **the French**

I'm so..... I'm going to Australia next week.

- a) excite
- b) excited**
- c) exciting
- d) excitement

German is still not a very popular language among

- a) French
- b) no French
- c) the French**
- d) any French

Over the past fifteen years, have become even richer.

- a) rich
- b) riches
- c) the riches
- d) the rich**

You should learn to eat.....

- a) more slowly**
- b) more slow
- c) slower
- d) slower

Modals

- **Should = ought to + مصدر**
بمعنى يجب أن وتستخدم للنصيحة
- **Shall** تستخدم للاقتراح
Shall we meet at 7?
- **Might + مصدر**
تستخدم لعدم التأكد أو الاحتمالية

Verbs

Stop (يتوقف)

➤ يأتي بعده **to** والمصدر / **ving**

○ لو توقف لفعل شيء ما نستخدم **to** والمصدر.

He stopped to eat a sandwich.

○ لو توقف عن فعل الشيء نهائياً نستخدم **ving**

He stopped smoking.

Remember (يتذكر)

➤ يأتي بعده **to** والمصدر / **ving**

○ يتذكر انه فعل شيء في الماضي نستخدم **ving**

I remember visiting London.

○ يتذكر انه يجب أن يفعل شيء (للحين ما فعل هذا الشيء) نستخدم **to** والمصدر

Remember to clean your room.



Student: Sir, I have finished the quiz.

Teacher: What? We only started ten minutes ago. You _____ possibly have finished

- A) shouldn't
- B) wouldn't
- C) couldn't**
- D) won't

Which one of the underlined words or phrases in the following is INCORRECT?

Did you know that the tree over there might actually been hundreds of years old?

- A) Did
- B) know
- C) there
- D) been**

My mom says Ito eat sweets before meals.

- a) shouldn't
- b) mustn't
- c) oughtn't**
- d) hasn't

Tom's eyes hurt. He to watch so much TV.

- (A) ought not**
- (B) must not
- (C) should not
- (D) has not



Fatima doesn't eat fish, so we have chicken for lunch?

- (A) may
- (B) shall**
- (C) would
- (D) have

You are so late for the class that you not understand the lesson.

- (A) must
- (B) could
- (C) might**
- (D) should

I'm so happy my father stopped He used to smoke 40 cigarettes a day.

- a) to smoke
- b) wo smoking
- c) smoking**
- d) smoke

Phrasal Verbs

The issue we need to concentratehere is very serious.

- a) For
- b) At
- c) In
- d) On**



Whether or not we get the loan depends the bank.

- a) on
- b) of
- c) with
- d) from

How long has Judy been married Jack?

- a) with
- b) for
- c) by
- d) to

Anna blames her poor education her parents.

- a) for
- b) at
- c) in
- d) on





عند استنتاج شيء متأكد منه نستخدم must have + v3

This washing machine appears new. It

- a) would have been replacing
- b) must have been replaced**
- c) will have replaced
- d) has been replacing

When our neighbours sold their huge house, they lots of money.

- a) must have made**
- b) have been making
- c) would have made
- d) used to make



Conjunctions

(None - Neither)

○ Neither

تستخدم لنفي شيئين

○ None

تستخدم لنفي أكثر من اثنين

Neither Ahmed nor Mohamed is here.

○ Eitheror

يأتي بعدها فعل مفرد

Either Ahmed or Mohamed is here.

We stayed at two hotels. of them was very comfortable.

- a) Neither
- b) Either
- c) None
- d) Both

My sister doesn't speak French.

- a) so does my brother
- b) neither does my brother
- c) so doesn't my brother.
- d) neither doesn't my brother

Which one of the underlined words or phrases is INCORRECT?

Either the chocolate cake or the lemon pie are going to be served for dessert after dinner tonight. Which one do you prefer?

- a) Either
- b) are going
- c) One
- d) prefer



Sub Rules: prepositions

- in + number + minutes بمعنى في خلال
in 15 minutes في خلال 15 دقيقة

I am really busy now, but I will join you guys..... fifteen minutes.

- a) by
b) over
c) during
d) in

Definite and Indefinite articles

The patience is a virtue. ✗
Patience is a virtue. ✓

○ الاسماء الغير ملموسة:
مثل التعليم والصبر وهكذا

We have taught our children that comes first.

- a) education
b) one education
c) the education
d) each education

Who is Roger is talking to?

- a) Person
b) a person
c) the person
d) some person



Questions

➤ للسؤال عن الوظيفة is / are

- What does your job? ✗
- What is your job? ✓

➤ للاستفسار عن حدوث شيء

- What happened?

ماذا حدث؟

I just saw your brother in the hospital. happened to him?

- a) who
- b) what**
- c) whom
- d) where

Which country is bigger, China or the USA? Whothe answer?

- a) Is known
- b) Do know
- c) Knows**
- d) Know

What.....your father's job?

- A) is**
- B) be
- C) can
- D) does



passive

Ali was to the hospital immediately after the accident.

- A. taken
- B. took
- C. takin
- D. take

Drinks allowed in the library.

- A- will not
- B- are not
- C- do not
- D- not

Too many phone callsfrom my phone today. The battery's now dead.

- a) Are made
- b) Are making
- c) Have been made
- d) Have been making

Mike: Is that your laptop?

Paul: No, it's Tom's. My laptop

- (A) is still repaired
- (B) is still repairing
- (C) is still being repaired
- (D) has still been repairing

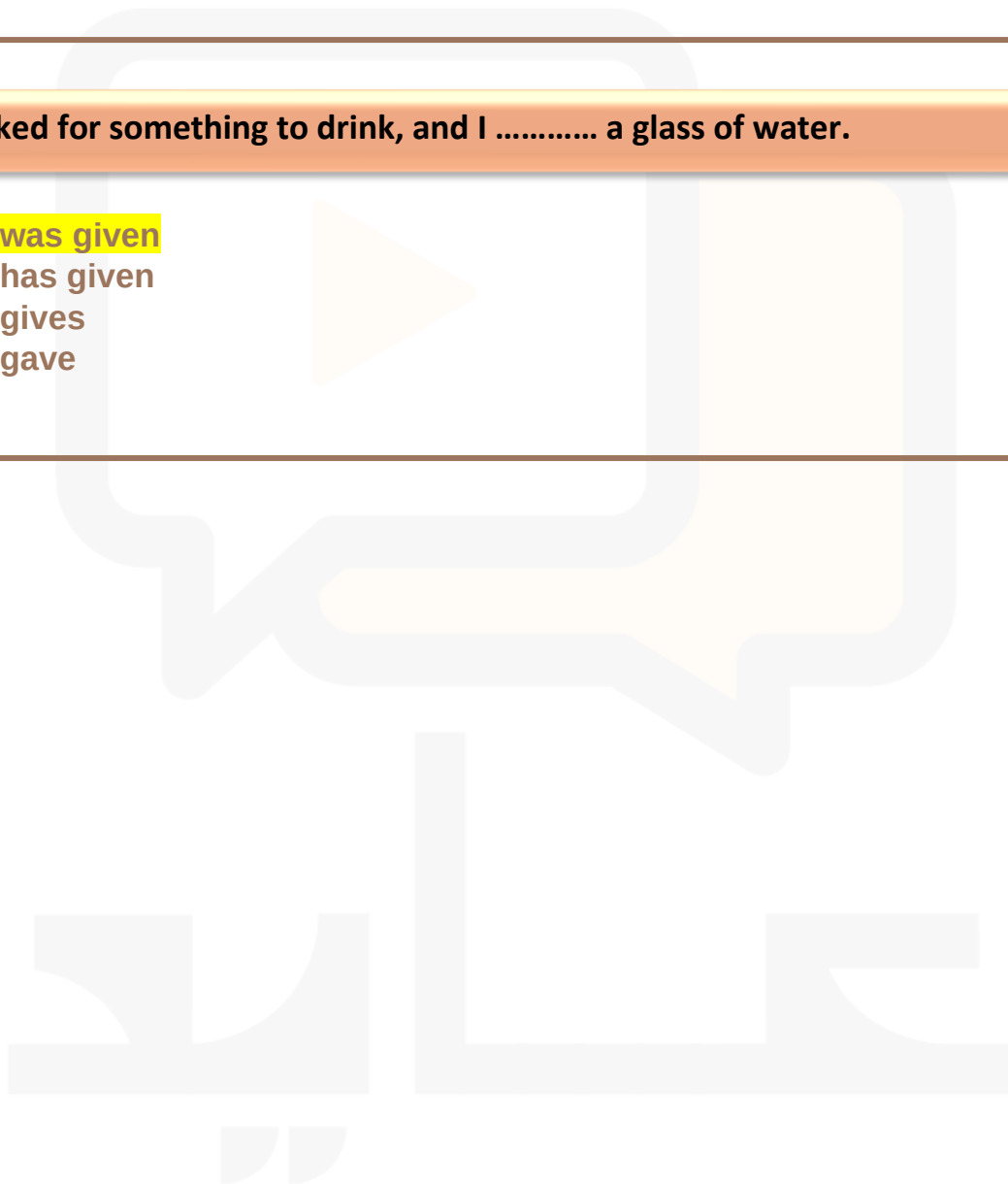


All necessary material to do the job

- (A) have provided
- (B) will provide
- (C) will be provided
- (D) are being provided

I asked for something to drink, and I a glass of water.

- (A) was given
- (B) has given
- (C) gives
- (D) gave



Meaning

Ahmad and Ali are friends but they treat each other..... brothers.

- A. like
- B. for
- C. good
- D. same

The lunch was delicious.enjoyed it.

- A. Anybody
- B. Anybody of us
- C. Everybody
- D. Everybody of us

"How..... do you study?" the teacher asked him.

- A) a little
- B) few
- C) far
- D) long

Have you seen my new book.....?

- A) where
- B) nowhere
- C) anywhere
- D) everywhere



George married Julia, and Julia married George. George and Julia married....

- a) One other
- b) Each other**
- c) Himself
- d) Themselves

None of my kids are short. is taller than me.

- a) All
- b) Whole
- c) Each**
- d) Every

We were so tired we just felt like talking to at all.

- a) nobody**
- b) anybody
- c) somebody
- d) everybody

She works night shifts and studies by

- a) day**
- b) a day
- c) the day
- d) every day

Of the two hotels, we've chosen this one because is too far away.

- a) the others
- b) the other**
- c) another
- d) other



No Rule

..... we were not allowed to take the test, was annoying

- A) That
- B) Since
- C) After
- D) Because

Which is the BEST WAY to combine the two sentences?
“There was a discussion in class today. It was very interesting.”

- A. There was a discussion in class today, but it was very interesting
- B. Since it was very interesting, there was a discussion in class today.
- C. It was very interesting the discussion in class today.
- D. The discussion in class today was very interesting.

Although many more people die each year in road accidents than in plane crashes, driving isn't more dangerous. This is because people spend far less time flying than driving. the number of deaths for each hour of driving and flying is about the same.

- A. Alternatively
- B. Moreover
- C. In contrast
- D. In fact



To which sentence can we add the following clause?

..... because he never had enough money.

- 1) It had been a long time since Ken had visited his uncle in their hometown.
- 2) Now he was not feeling well and he knew he must go to visit him.
- 3) Arriving after the long and tiring trip, he saw his uncle's face light up and began to feel much stronger.
- 4) His visit had been better than any medicine.

a) (1)

b) (2)

c) (3)

d) (4)

Mark: is there a spoon I could borrow?

Roger: There'sin the top drawer.

a) Some

b) This

c) One

d) Any

